BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

HEARING #16-11554 OCTOBER 12, 2016 10:30 A.M.

DOCKET NO. 2016-223-E:

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY — Petition of South Carolina Electric & Gas Company for Updates and Revisions to Schedules Related to the Construction of a Nuclear Base Load Generation Facility at Jenkinsville, South Carolina

TRANSCRIPT OF TESTIMONY AND PROCEEDINGS

VOLUME 3 of 4

HEARING BEFORE: Swain E. WHITFIELD, CHAIRMAN; Comer H. 'Randy' RANDALL, VICE CHAIRMAN; and COMMISSIONERS John E. 'Butch' HOWARD, Elliott F. ELAM, Jr., Elizabeth B. 'Lib' FLEMING, Nikiya M. 'Nikki' HALL, and G. O'Neal HAMILTON

ADVISOR TO COMMISSION: F. David Butler, Esq. Senior Counsel

STAFF: Joseph Melchers, General Counsel; James Spearman, Ph.D., Executive Assistant to Commissioners; Philip Riley, Doug Pratt, Lynn Ballentine, and Tom Ellison, Advisory Staff; Jo Elizabeth M. Wheat, CVR-CM/M-GNSC, Court Reporter; and William O. Richardson, Deborah Easterling, and Calvin Woods, Hearing Room Assistants

APPEARANCES:

CHAD K. BURGESS. ESQUIRE. MATTHEW W. GISSENDANNER, ESQUIRE, **MITCHELL** WILLOUGHBY. Т. and **BELTON** ZEIGLER. ESQUIRE. ESQUIRE. representing SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY, PETITIONER

Public Service Commission of South Carolina

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APPEARANCES (Cont'g):

SCOTT ELLIOTT, ESQUIRE, representing SOUTH CAROLINA ENERGY USERS COMMITTEE, INTERVENOR

 $\it ROBERT~GUILD,~ESQUIRE,~$ representing SIERRA CLUB, INTERVENOR

FRANK R. ELLERBE, III, ESQUIRE, and JOHN H. TIENCKEN, JR., ESQUIRE, representing CENTRAL ELECTRIC POWER COOPERATIVE and THE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES OF SOUTH CAROLINA, INTERVENORS

J. BLANDING HOLMAN, IV, ESQUIRE, and GUDRUN THOMPSON, ESQUIRE, representing SOUTH CAROLINA COASTAL CONSERVATION LEAGUE, INTERVENOR

SANDRA WRIGHT, appearing pro se, INTERVENOR

JEFFREY M. NELSON, ESQUIRE, and SHANNON BOWYER HUDSON, ESQUIRE, representing the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff

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problem with it?
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                         [No response]
                   Okay. Mr. Nelson, please bring Ms. Powell up
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              at this time.
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                   MR. NELSON:
                                 Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
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              would call Ms. Allyn Powell as its first witness.
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                   CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Mr. Nelson, one second,
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              please.
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                         [Brief pause]
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                   Mr. Nelson, once she's sworn, we're going to
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              let her do her summary and probably take a break
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              maybe after that, depending on how we're going
              here, okay?
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                   MR. NELSON: Yes, sir.
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                         [Witness affirmed]
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    THEREUPON came,
                    ALLYN
                                 H. POWELL,
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    called as a witness on behalf of the South Carolina Office of
    Regulatory Staff, who, having been first duly affirmed, was
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    examined and testified as follows:
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                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
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    BY MR. NELSON:
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         Ms. Powell, if you'd please state your full name and
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         occupation?
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         My name is Allyn Hunter Powell. I'm a program manager
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- at the Office of Regulatory Staff.
- 2 **Q** And are you the same Allyn Powell who prefiled 20 pages 3 of settlement-and-direct testimony and two exhibits in
- this docket on September 1, 2016?
- 5 A Yes, I am.
- O Do you have any edits or corrections to your prefiled settlement-and-direct testimony?
- 8 A I do not.

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- MR. NELSON: Mr. Chairman, ORS would offer the prefiled settlement-and-direct testimony of Allyn Powell to be read into the record as if given orally from the stand.
 - CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Ms. Powell's prefiled and settlement testimony will be entered into the record as if given orally from the stand.

[See pgs 716-736]

MR. NELSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

BY MR. NELSON:

- 19 \mathbf{Q} Ms. Powell, the two exhibits you prepared to your
- settlement-and-direct testimony, they're labeled AHP-1
- and AHP-2; is that correct?
- 22 **A** Yes, they are.
- 23 **Q** Do you have any changes or corrections to those
- 24 exhibits?
- 25 A I do not.

Would you please present it.

1	MR. NELSON: Mr. Chairman, ORS would offer the
2	Exhibits AHP-1 and AHP-2, which were attached to
3	Ms. Powell's direct-and-settlement testimony, as
4	the next composite hearing exhibit.
5	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Ms. Powell's Exhibits
6	AHP-1 and -2 will be entered in as Hearing Exhibit
7	No. 11.
8	[WHEREUPON, Hearing Exhibit No. 11 was
9	marked and received in evidence.]
10	MR. NELSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
11	BY MR. NELSON:
12	Q Ms. Powell, did you prepare a summary of your
13	settlement-and-direct testimony?
14	A Yes, I have.

Sure. 16 Α

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Good evening, Commissioners. My combined directand-settlement testimony provides an overview of ORS's findings, the settlement agreement, and how the settlement agreement addresses the issues raised by ORS in our review of the Petition.

First, I provide an overview of the Petition where SCE&G is requesting to modify the construction schedule to reflect the new substantial completion dates of August 31, 2019, and August 31, 2020, for Units 2 and 3,

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respectively. SCE&G was also requesting an increase in the capital-cost estimates of approximately \$852 million.

Second, I discuss the major portions of the settlement agreement, which include three key benefits: the guarantee, which is contained in paragraph 12 of the settlement agreement — as part of the guarantee, SCE&G agrees to fix the cost to ratepayers for scopes of work covered by the option — the moratorium, which is covered in paragraph 13 of the settlement agreement, and the ROE reduction, which is covered in paragraph 18 of the settlement agreement; the election of the option and agreement regarding increases to the capital-cost schedules totaling \$831.3 million, the construction schedule, and several other provisions relating to reporting and how transfers of scopes of work are treated under the guarantee.

Third, I discuss the October 27, 2015, EPC amendment and the option, and explain what costs are moved to a fixed category by the option.

Fourth, I discuss ORS's analysis of the Petition and how the settlement agreement addresses the issues raised by ORS in our review of the Petition.

Last, I discuss ORS's ongoing monitoring of the approved schedule and the approved budget.

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This concludes my summary.
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                     MR. NELSON:
                                   Thank you, Ms. Powell.
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     [PURSUANT TO PREVIOUS INSTRUCTION, THE
23
    PREFILED SETTLEMENT-AND-DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
24
    ALLYN H. POWELL FOLLOWS AT PGS 716-736]
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THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF SETTLEMENT AND DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

& EXHIBITS

ALLYN H. POWELL



DOCKET NO.2016-223-E

Petition of South Carolina Electric & Gas Company for Updates and Revisions to Schedules Related to the Construction of a Nuclear Base Load Generation Facility at Jenkinsville, South Carolina

1		SETTLEMENT AND DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2		ALLYN H. POWELL
3		ON BEHALF OF
4		THE SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF
5		DOCKET NO. 2016-223-E
6 7 8 9 10		IN RE: PETITION OF SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY FOR UPDATES AND REVISIONS TO SCHEDULES RELATED TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NUCLEAR BASE LOAD GENERATION FACILITY AT JENKINSVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA
11	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION.
12	A.	My name is Allyn Powell. My Business Address is 1401 Main Street, Suite 900,
13		Columbia, South Carolina 29201. I am employed by the State of South Carolina as the
14		Manager of Nuclear Programs in the Energy Policy Division of the South Carolina Office
15		of Regulatory Staff ("ORS").
16	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.
17	A.	I hold a Bachelor's Degree in Physics from the University of South Carolina and a
18		Master's Degree in Physics from the College of William and Mary. My research focus
19		while at the College of William and Mary was experimental nuclear and particle physics,
20		and I am credited as co-author on several professional publications resulting from my
21		research. I was previously employed as Director of State Budgeting and Finance with the
22		Ways and Means Committee of the South Carolina House of Representatives ("WMC"). I
23		joined WMC in 2002 as a Research Analyst, focusing on sales tax, income tax, higher
24		education and cultural issues. I was responsible for providing background research,
25		summarizing legislation before WMC and drafting portions of the Appropriations Act.

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Throughout my career at WMC I served as lead staff for a variety of issue areas, including K-12 education, property tax, and budget policy. I was promoted to Director of State Budgeting and Finance in 2007. As Director of State Budgeting and Finance, I was responsible for overseeing the State budget process for WMC and the production of the Appropriations Act. In 2009, I joined the South Carolina Energy Office at the South Carolina Budget and Control Board as a Program Manager. There, I worked with issues relating to radioactive waste disposal and energy assurance planning. I also served as lead staff for the South Carolina Governor's Nuclear Advisory Council. In 2011, I joined ORS as an Associate Program Manager. As Associate Program Manager my responsibilities included reviewing Base Load Review Act plant applications, managing efforts relating to energy assurance planning and serving as ORS's lead contact for demand side management and energy efficiency programs. In 2013, I left ORS to take a position as the Capital Budgeting Manager for the State of South Carolina in the State Budget Office. In that role I was responsible for reviewing applications by state agencies to establish and modify construction projects, approving projects under a certain threshold and summarizing larger projects for approval by members of the Joint Bond Review Committee and the Budget and Control Board. I also testified as requested before both bodies and was responsible for producing monthly reports regarding capital project budget and expenditures. In 2015, I returned to ORS as the Manager of Nuclear Programs. My duties at ORS include managing the review of Base Load Review Act applications as well as managing the Radioactive Waste Disposal Program, which provides oversight for South Carolina's low level radioactive waste disposal facility located in Barnwell, SC.

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1 Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE

2 COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA ("COMMISSION")?

Yes. I have provided written and oral testimony with regard to the construction of the nuclear base load facility at Jenkinsville, SC (the "Project" or "Units") by South Carolina Electric & Gas Company (the "Company" or "SCE&G").

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

The purpose of my testimony is to provide an overview of ORS's findings regarding SCE&G's Petition for Updates and Revisions to Schedules Related to the Construction of a Nuclear Base Load Generation Facility at Jenkinsville, SC ("Petition") and to discuss the Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement" or "SA") dated August ___, 2016 that was entered into between ORS, SCE&G, Frank Knapp, the South Carolina Energy Users Committee, Central Electric Power Cooperative, Inc., and the Electric Cooperatives of South Carolina, Inc. (the "Settling Parties").

14 Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY REQUESTING IN THIS PROCEEDING?

Under S.C. Code Ann. Section 58-33-270(E) (2015) of the Base Load Review Act ("BLRA"), SCE&G is requesting the Commission to modify the construction schedules and accompanying BLRA milestones to reflect new guaranteed substantial completion dates ("GSCDs") of August 31, 2019 and August 31, 2020 for Unit 2 and Unit 3, respectively. SCE&G is also requesting an increase to the capital cost estimates of approximately \$852 million. This was reduced to approximately \$846 million in SCE&G's testimony (Exhibit AHP-1). The largest portion of the increase is \$781.1 million in Engineering, Procurement and Construction Contract ("EPC Contract") cost increases, comprised of \$137.5 million in costs resulting from an amendment to the EPC Contract

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executed on October 27, 2015 ("Amendment" or "EPC Amendment"), \$505.5 million in costs resulting from SCE&G's decision to exercise an option in the EPC Amendment that moves many of the EPC Contract costs to a fixed category ("Option"), \$85.5 million resulting from a reversal of the credit for liquidated damages that SCE&G previously credited to its customers via Order No. 2015-661, and \$52.5 million in increases due to Change Orders. As part of this proceeding SCE&G is also asking for approval of its decision to exercise the Option. The remaining cost increases are due to Owners Costs (\$20.8 million), Escalation (\$2.3 million) and an allowance for funds used during construction ("AFUDC") (\$42.4 million).

10 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ORS'S ACTIVITIES IN RESPONSE TO SCE&G'S 11 PETITION.

ORS has been actively reviewing documentation related to the Amendment since October 2015, and much of the information in the Petition was covered by several rounds of continuing information requests related to that review. ORS asked the Company to update its responses to these requests in light of the Petition. In addition, ORS met frequently with representatives from SCE&G's construction, business and finance departments to discuss the details of the Petition and the supporting documentation. ORS also interviewed several SCE&G, Westinghouse Electric Company ("Westinghouse") technical experts and Fluor Corporation ("Fluor") technical experts to fully understand the various components of the Petition.

21 Q. PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.

22 A. In the Settlement, the Settling Parties negotiated the following key benefits for ratepayers:

- 1. An agreement by SCE&G to guarantee (the "Guarantee") that the scopes of work covered by the Option remain fixed (SA paragraph #12). As part of the Guarantee, SCE&G agrees to fix costs to ratepayers for scopes of work covered by the Option by not seeking any future increases for these scopes of work in the cost schedules for the Units and by not seeking revised rates for such increases.
 - 2. A moratorium (the "Moratorium") on additional filings to increase cost schedules prior to January 28, 2019 with this date being extended day-for-day with any delay in the commercial operation date of Unit 2 (SA paragraph #13).
 - 3. An agreement by SCE&G to reduce the return on equity (the "ROE Reduction") rate used to compute revised rates filings after January 1, 2017 from 10.5% to 10.25% (SA paragraph #18).
 - 4. A provision capping at \$20 million the amount SCE&G can recover for the items listed in Schedule C of the Amendment (excluding Plant Layout Security, Phase 3 and Plant Security Systems Integration which are otherwise addressed in the Settlement) that were in dispute with Westinghouse at the time of the Amendment but were not resolved through the Amendment (i.e., the "Schedule C" items) (SA paragraph #12).
 - 5. A requirement that all future requests to increase cost schedules due to Change Orders shall require a signed Change Order to be presented at the time of the request and disallowing future requests based on informal estimates of Change Order costs (SA paragraph #12).
- 6. Enhanced mandatory public reporting of schedule information, productivity and production metrics for construction, and issues related to the EPC Contract and the

Project	going	forward	(SA	parag	raph	#10)	•

- In the context of these benefits, the Settling Parties agreed to the following:
 - 7. An increase to the BLRA approved cost schedules to reflect the cost of the Amendment (\$137.5 million) and the cost of the Option (\$505.54 million) and approval of SCE&G's decision to exercise the Option (SA paragraph #5).
 - 8. A finding that SCE&G had justified Change Orders totaling \$32.58 million (SA paragraph #6).
 - 9. An agreement to allow a transfer of scope for the Service Building from the EPC Contract to Owner's Costs for completion of the building under a separate fixed price contract with a commercial contractor other than Westinghouse, and a reduction to the Fixed Price category of \$11.92 million, which includes the \$6.9 million requested in the Petition for the Service Building, 3rd Floor and the \$5.02 million already in the Fixed Price for the Service Building, 1st and 2rd Floors, and a corresponding increase in the Owner's Cost for the Service Building of \$9.2 million plus \$1.3 million for escalation, in exchange for SCE&G's agreement to cap the total cost of this building to ratepayers at the revised amount of \$10.48 million (which includes escalation) (SA paragraph #6).
 - 10. Approval of the revised GSCDs for the Units of August 31, 2019 and August 31, 2020 and simplification of the milestone schedule in light of the Moratorium and the fact that Fluor and Westinghouse are preparing a revised resource-loaded integrated project schedule which may revise and re-sequence the construction schedule (SA paragraph #10).
 - 11. Enhanced mandatory public reporting of schedule information, productivity and

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- production metrics for construction, and issues related to the EPC Contract and the Project going forward. (SA paragraph #10).
- 12. In addition to the Owner's Cost associated with the transfer of the Service Building,
 approval of an increase in Owner's Cost of \$20.83 million largely associated with
 the delay in the GSCDs and the restructuring of the EPC Contract under the
 Amendment (SA paragraph #7).

ORS supports this Settlement as reasonable because it commits SCE&G to ensuring that the terms of the Option are enforced, limits SCE&G's ability to seek costs outside of the Option until Unit 2 is nearing completion and caps a number of important cost items.

10 Q. WHAT COMPONENTS OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT ARE MOST 11 IMPORTANT TO ORS?

A. The Guarantee, Moratorium and the ROE Reduction.

PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE AMENDMENT.

On October 27, 2015, SCE&G signed the Amendment, which modified the EPC Contract in several key ways. It released Chicago Bridge and Iron ("CB&I") from its obligations as a member of the Consortium, leaving Westinghouse as the sole EPC Contract holder via its purchase of the Stone and Webster subsidiary from CB&I. Westinghouse later employed Fluor as a subcontracted construction manager to handle craft labor and day to day activities. It also moved the GSCD of Unit 2 from June 19, 2019 to August 31, 2019 and the GSCD of Unit 3 from June 16, 2020 to August 31, 2020. It resolved a number of outstanding disputes regarding whether some items were included in the scope of the EPC Contract, resolved outstanding disputes regarding invoices, and included more specific wording regarding the provision in the EPC Contract related to

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1	changes in law. It also included an Option to move a large portion of the EPC Contract
2	costs to a fixed cost category. The ability to exercise this Option is contingent on approval
3	by the Commission and Santee Cooper.

4 Q. DOES THE OPTION MAKE THE EPC CONTRACT AN ENTIRELY FIXED 5 PRICE CONTRACT?

No. The Option specifically excludes some items such as sales tax and insurance, as well as force majeure events. Exhibit C of the Amendment also includes a list of items not fully resolved by the Amendment. Some of these items are included in this Petition as Change Orders. While it does move many of the EPC Contract costs to a fixed price category, this fixed price is still subject to change via further EPC Contract amendments or Change Orders. It also does not prevent SCE&G from voluntarily removing items from the fixed price scope to the Owners Cost scope via a Change Order. However, in the Settlement, ORS insisted that such transfers not be recognized unless the work could be done as an Owner-directed item for a price fixed by SCE&G at an amount that is less than or equal to the amount that was formerly included in the fixed price scope. Therefore, under the terms of the Settlement, transfers may not result in any increase in the ultimate cost for SCE&G's ratepayers.

Q. HOW IS THIS AMENDMENT DIFFERENT FROM PREVIOUS EPC CONTRACT AMENDMENTS?

Previous EPC Contract amendments were executed to incorporate Change Orders, revise GSCDs or clarify wording in the EPC Contract on one or two issues. These amendments had substantial calculations and backup documentation. The Amendment is different in that it served as a comprehensive settlement that substantially changed the EPC

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Page 9 of 20 contract by removing a member of the Consortium, settling outstanding disputes, substantially revising the bonus and liquidated damages provisions and modifying the GSCDs. While SCE&G does have documentation behind the potential cost of some of the items resolved in the dispute, in most cases these costs are not well supported and are not auditable. The revised contract amounts to a renegotiation of the price of the Units. This Amendment also included the Option, which changes the structure of much of the EPC Contract going forward by moving many costs to a fixed category. This capped the amount that Westinghouse can charge to complete the work within the scope of the Option at \$3.345 billion. The Option includes within it a premium charged by Westinghouse for fixing these costs. While it is possible to calculate this number using the price from the Option for the remaining work, this remains a premium that is primarily associated with risk and is not supported by specific construction estimates. PLEASE SUMMARIZE ORS'S ANALYSIS OF THE PETITION?

ORS has concerns regarding both costs and construction schedules outlined in the Petition.

Schedule

While Westinghouse has indicated to ORS it has confidence in the logic behind the activities within the schedule, it has also indicated that they do not have Fluor's full input on the resources needed to complete these activities. Westinghouse has further indicated that the current construction schedule cannot be met without substantial improvement in current production and productivity rates. The current schedule requires the simultaneous use of numerous mitigation strategies, which are worked outside of the main schedule and increase ORS's concern regarding the uncertainty in the schedule. Meeting the current

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construction schedule will require substantial improvements in both productivity and production. Throughout the course of this project, Westinghouse and its Consortium partner have presented aggressive schedules along with plans to make improvements to meet those schedules. Thus far, they have not been successful. ORS has seen positive changes recently, but with Fluor's fully resource-loaded construction schedule still outstanding a great deal of uncertainty remains. While ORS believes the sequence of construction activities to be valid, ORS has concerns these activities may take longer than previously estimated. There is only so much time that can be made up by increased staffing, especially due to the small spaces in which some of the work must take place. The GSCDs in the Petition accurately reflect the GSCDs in the Amendment, that is GSCDs of August 31 2019 for Unit 2 and August 31, 2020 for Unit 3. ORS believes that it will take at least this long to complete the Units, and in fact it is likely to take longer. At this time, ORS is still of the opinion that the Units can be completed within the 18 month window from the GSCDs allowed under Order No. 2009-104(A). However, even a relatively small delay in Unit 3 would jeopardize the ability of SCE&G to obtain the production tax credits for that Unit. ORS does not object to the approval of revised BLRA milestone schedule and GSCDs, as ORS believes it will take at least this long to complete the Units, but ORS is concerned regarding the level of uncertainty in the schedule at this time. This uncertainty regarding the schedule has also impacted other areas of ORS's analysis. It is difficult to properly evaluate items such as Owner's Costs, Escalation and to a certain extent Change Orders - some of whose costs are dependent on durations and need dates- without an adequate understanding of the schedule to back these up.

Amendment

As to the \$137.5 million requested for the Amendment, ORS has only found documentation to support approximately \$64.6 million of the \$224.4 million in value that SCE&G assigned to the Amendment. While ORS recognizes that the Amendment resolved a number of commercial disputes, both directly between SCE&G and the Consortium and by releasing a Consortium partner and thus reducing disputes within the Consortium, it is difficult to assign a valuation to this resolution. The Amendment also included changes to both the bonus and liquidated damages provisions in the EPC Contract, with which ORS has concerns. The Amendment served as a comprehensive settlement and ORS has not found adequate documentation to support the value of this settlement.

Option

Closely related to this is the issue of the \$505.54 million cost for the Option. While ORS believes, based on SCE&G's sensitivity study, that the Option on its surface represents a good value given current production and productivity trends, the determination of the Option's true value is based entirely on an analysis of Westinghouse's willingness to abide by the terms of the contract and SCE&G's willingness to hold Westinghouse to those terms. Moving many of the costs to a fixed price category does simplify many areas where there were previously disputes. However, it also provides the opportunity for new disputes. The new fixed price Change Orders requests being provided by Westinghouse have been accompanied by a lower level of documentation, and changes to buildings or other items within the scope of the fixed price have proved so problematic that SCE&G has, in at least two cases, begun pulling these out of Westinghouse's scope and into the Owner's Cost. Based on previous experience with this contract and SCE&G's sensitivity study, which at current production and productivity trends shows substantial potential

losses to Westinghouse, ORS is concerned that the Option will not truly fix this portion of the cost of the Units. For this reason, in the Settlement ORS insisted that SCE&G agree to stand behind the "fixed price" and provide a guarantee that no additional ratepayer dollars will be requested for items in the scope of the "fixed price" in the Option. The Settlement further protects ratepayers by placing caps on other items of particular concern, such as many items associated with Exhibit C which were not resolved as part of the Option. Absent these additional guarantees, ORS would be concerned that the ratepayers were not adequately protected by the Option.

Liquidated Damages

As to the \$85.53 million in liquidated damages that were previously credited to ratepayers, ORS agrees that the Amendment does move the time frame for collecting these damages out into the future and as such they are properly added back to the budget of the Project.

Owner's Costs

The \$20.83 million in Owner's Costs are well documented and track appropriately with the current schedule and budget. As with all areas related to the construction schedule, ORS has concerns that the time frames underlying this estimate are not yet mature and have a high degree of uncertainty. However, as ORS believes that these estimates are in fact lower, ORS does not oppose the use of this estimate of Owner's Costs, recognizing that there is still uncertainty in these costs related to the schedule.

Escalation and AFUDC

Similarly, SCE&G's request for \$2.3 million in Escalation and \$42.4 million in AFUDC as outlined in Kevin Kochems testimony are well documented and track

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appropriately with the current schedule and budget. ORS does not oppose the use of these estimates, with the same caveats as applied to Owner's Costs. As is recognized in the Settlement, escalation and AFUDC are not fixed, but vary according to the approved escalation indices and AFUDC rate calculation as they change from time to time. When the changes associated with the transfer of the Service Building from the Fixed Price to Owners Costs are included, the total estimate supported by the Settlement for Escalation and AFUDC is \$45.18 million. **Transmission**

SCE&G removed its original request in the Petition for an additional \$4.3 Transmission dollars as the methodology for remedying those issues is still under review. ORS agrees with SCE&G's assessment and does not recommend the inclusion of these dollars.

Change Orders

SCE&G's Petition also included \$52.5 million in Change Orders. When evaluating Change Orders, ORS expects that the documentation supporting them will include signed Change Orders, signed agreements with detailed documentation that will form the basis for future Change Orders, or at the very least a mature level of detailed documentation supporting a Change Order that is nearly ready to be signed. When the Petition was filed, such a level of documentation was only available for a few of the smaller Change Orders. SCE&G has done additional research and in some cases has received additional proposals from Westinghouse since that time. ORS's review of the associated documentation supports the inclusion of \$32.58 million for Change Orders at this time. ORS has worked with SCE&G to improve the level of documentation, and is now able to support at least a

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portion of the costs associated with each of the Change Order requests included in the Petition. In some cases, this is lower than the amount requested as the latest Westinghouse estimates are below the amounts originally estimated by SCE&G in the Petition. It is the position of ORS that until a Change Order has been agreed to by both parties, the costs associated with it are not properly included in BLRA cost forecasts. Under the Settlement, only signed Change Orders will be allowed going forward. SCE&G will be prevented from presenting estimates of Change Order cost for inclusion in cost forecasts.

This Change Order total does not reflect increases related to the 3rd Floor of the Service Building. Subsequent to filing Direct Testimony, SCE&G made a decision to move the entire Service Building out of the scope of the EPC Contract and into Owner's Costs. This decision was made to support the construction of the 3rd Floor, which was needed to allow consolidation of certain support staff within the protected area of the site, in a time frame which met SCE&G's need date for the building. ORS had concerns regarding this decision, and the potential impact to ratepayers of moving this scope of work out of the fixed price category. Outside of the scope of the Settlement, ORS was unable to support this request. The Settlement reflects the fact that SCE&G has now decided to construct the Service Building as an Owner's cost item and to do so under a fixed price contract with a commercial contractor. SCE&G will transfer the associated amount from the Fixed Price category to the Owner's Cost category and the amounts shall be included in the BLRA-approved capital cost schedule along with any associated escalation and AFUDC. Specifically for the Service Building, including the Third Floor, SCE&G agrees to reduce the Fixed Price category in the amount of \$11.92 million, which includes the \$6.9 million requested in this Petition for the Service Building, 3rd Floor and the \$5.02 million

already in the Fixed Price for the Service Building, 1st and 2nd Floor, and increase the Owners Cost category in the amount of \$10.48 million (which includes escalation), and to not seek recovery from ratepayers in any future proceeding for any costs in excess of \$10.48 million for the Service Building. After execution of the Change Order between SCE&G and Westinghouse regarding the Service Building, SCE&G will provide a copy of the Change Order to ORS and if necessary, SCE&G will adjust the Owners Cost category consistent with the terms of the Settlement.

Overall, ORS found the level of documentation offered in this Petition to be lower than that offered in previous petitions. ORS's review was also hampered by the lack of availability of the fully resource-loaded integrated construction schedule. Time is money. Schedule and budget go hand in hand, and ORS is concerned regarding the timing of this Petition and its impact on the ability of ORS to properly evaluate budgets when the schedule is undergoing a major adjustments.

Summary of ORS Recommendations

In summary, ORS's review supports the inclusion of \$85.53 million for the reversal of the Liquidated Damages Credit, \$32.58 million in Change Orders, \$20.83 million in Owner's Costs (in addition to the Owner's cost associated with the transfer of the Service Building), \$2.3 million in Escalation, and \$42.4 million in AFUDC. These increases total \$183.64 million of the \$852 million requested by SCE&G in the Petition. ORS recognizes that the Escalation and AFUDC amounts in this review have been revised by the Settlement, and in the context of the Settlement ORS supports those increased amounts.

ORS's review of the \$137.5 million for the Amendment is less conclusive. ORS has been able to identify approximately \$64.6 million in value associated with the

Amendment. While many of the changes associated with the Amendment were needed and represent a positive direction for the Project, ORS is not able to support this request using our normal standards of review as the \$137.5 million increase was a settlement and cannot be traced back to individual disputed cost items. However, the amount requested is consistent with the Amendment, which has been executed. In the context of the Settlement, ORS is supportive of this amount.

SCE&G is also requesting that the Commission approve its decision to exercise the Option. Based on SCE&G's sensitivity study and ORS's concerns regarding the Project Schedule, ORS agrees that the Option could represent a good value for SCE&G and for ratepayers. With respect to the \$505.54 cost for the Option, ORS is only supportive of this cost in the context of the Settlement and because SCE&G has guaranteed to its ratepayers that it will stand behind the Option and will not request any additional ratepayer dollars for items included in the scope of the "fixed price" in the Option as set forth in the Settlement.

In the context of the Settlement, ORS also supports the increases and transfers outlined above related to the Service Building.

With respect to the schedule, ORS is concerned regarding the degree of uncertainty remaining regarding the schedule. The GSCDs are consistent with the Amendment, and the BLRA milestone schedule is consistent with the logic within the project schedule when the Amendment was filed. ORS believes that these dates are optimistic, but that the Project is likely to be completed within 18 months of these dates. For this reason, ORS does not oppose the revised GSCDs and BLRA milestone schedule. However, the timing of the issuance of the Commission's Order and the availability of the revised schedule present some challenges. As agreed in the Settlement, the Moratorium will be in place when

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Westinghouse issues the new resource-loaded integrated project schedule for the Project. In recognition of that fact, the Settlement provides that the only Commission-approved BLRA milestones going forward will be the GSCDs for the two Units. This does not reduce SCE&G's reporting requirements regarding previous BLRA milestones and the Settlement imposes additional reporting requirements. The Settlement requires that SCE&G commit to immediately report the new fully resource-loaded integrated schedule when Westinghouse makes it available and that SCE&G provide updates on all milestone dates it contains in quarterly reports through the end of the Project. The Settlement also requires that SCE&G continue to provide updates on the status of any of the prior BLRA milestones and include updates on all of the construction milestones that are included in the milestone payment schedule in its quarterly reports through the end of the Project. The milestone payment schedule, when agreed to by SCE&G and Westinghouse, will represent what they believe are the key Project milestones and, as such, may provide an additional useful measure of progress for the Project. The milestone payment schedule is currently flowing through the EPC Contract's dispute resolution process. The Settlement also requires SCE&G to include data on construction and craft staffing, productivity and production in its quarterly reports.

Exhibit AHP-1 summarizes the differences between the Petition, SCE&G's Direct Testimony and the Settlement.

Q. WHAT ACTIVITIES DOES ORS PERFORM WITH RESPECT TO ITS ON-GOING MONITORING OF THE APPROVED MILESTONE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE?

1	A.	The Company's required quarterly reports provide a status of the approved BLRA
2		milestone schedule. The BLRA milestone schedule consists of 146 milestone activities.
3		ORS verifies the status of each milestone activity to ensure the activity is in accordance
4		with previous Commission orders relating to this matter, Order Nos. 2009-104(A), 2010-
5		12, 2011-345, 2012-884, and 2015-661. It should be noted that milestone activities are
6		allowed by Commission order to be accelerated by up to 24 months or delayed by up to 18
7		months.
8	Q.	WHAT OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES DOES ORS PERFORM WITH RESPECT TO
9		ITS ON-GOING MONITORING OF THE APPROVED CAPITAL COST
10		ESTIMATES?
11	Α.	The Company's quarterly reports provide a status of the approved capital cost
12		estimates. ORS evaluates the Company's quarterly reports with a focus on the capital cost
13		estimates, project cash flow, AFUDC and escalation. Collectively, these focus areas
14		determine the status of the project budget.
15		
13		ORS compares the capital cost estimates approved by the Commission to the capital
16		cost estimates in the Company's quarterly reports. This comparison focuses on the major
17		cost categories, which are:
18		Fixed with No Adjustment
19		Firm with Fixed Adjustment A
20		Firm with Fixed Adjustment B
21		Firm with Indexed Adjustment
22		Actual Craft Wages
23		Non-Labor Cost
24		Time & Materials
25		Owners Costs

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• Transmission Projects

ORS evaluates cost variances which may be due to various project changes (e.g., shifts in work scopes, payment timetables, construction schedule adjustments, change orders, etc.) to determine if the cumulative amount of these changes impact the total approved capital cost of the project.

In a similar fashion, ORS compares the approved project cash flow to the project cash flow in the Company's quarterly reports. This comparison focuses on any variance to annual cash flow requirements. Lastly, AFUDC and escalation rates are evaluated to determine if appropriate rates have been applied.

Exhibit AHP-2 tracks the updates to the capital cost schedules from Commission Order No. 2009-104(A) through the Company's request in the Petition.

WHAT OTHER ACTIVITIES DOES ORS PERFORM AS PART OF ITS ON-GOING MONITORING OF THE APPROVED CAPITAL COST ESTIMATES?

During on-site visits, the ORS staff reviews documents that may impact the project budget. Examples of such documents are contract amendments, change orders and notices from the holder of the EPC Contract, Westinghouse. The ORS staff also reviews invoices associated with completed milestone activities to ensure milestone payments are consistent with the EPC milestone payment schedules. In addition, ORS's Audit Division further evaluates the Company's actual project expenditures.

Q. WHAT OTHER ACTIVITIES DOES ORS PERFORM AS PART OF ITS ON-GOING MONITORING OF THE PROJECT?

ORS technical staff participate in monthly meetings with NND personnel, attend periodic meetings with Westinghouse and Fluor representatives, conduct periodic site tours

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and attend Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") public meetings held near the site.
ORS staff also review documents related to the construction on an ongoing basis. These
documents include, but are not limited to: daily construction activities plans, a weekly
construction activities report, detailed construction schedules, schedule mitigation plans,
milestone activity schedules, major component fabrication status log and meeting minutes.
Also, ORS performs on-site evaluations to physically observe construction activities to
ensure construction progress is consistent with NND documentation. ORS staff regularly
witness key project milestones, such as the setting of major structural modules, and perform
site visits to companies manufacturing major components. Additionally, to keep informed
of NRC's most recent policies and interpretations, ORS staff have attended the NRC's
annual Regulatory Information Conference in Rockville, MD. Also, ORS performs on-site
evaluations to physically observe construction activities to ensure construction progress is
consistent with NND documentation. ORS routinely participates in NRC conference call
meetings to monitor activities related to the project.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

- 16 A. ORS recommends that the Commission approve the Settlement Agreement.
- 17 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 18 A. Yes, it does.

1	MR. NELSON: Ms. Powell is available for
2	questions from the nonsettling parties or the
3	Commission.
4	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Are there any questions
5	at this time, for the nonsettling parties'
6	attorneys? Mr. Holman and Ms. Thompson?
7	MS. THOMPSON: No, thank you, Mr. Chairman.
8	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Mr. Guild, are you going
9	to have any questions for Ms. Powell?
LO	MR. GUILD: Yes.
L1	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: You do? How about you,
L2	Ms. Wright, are you going to have any questions for
L3	her?
L4	MS. WRIGHT: I have a couple.
L5	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Okay. At this time,
L6	we're going to take a brief break. We'll come back
L7	with questions from the nonsettling parties for Ms.
L8	Powell, and from the Commissioners. And we'll make
L9	a decision after that as to how much later to go
20	tonight. So we'll take about 10 minutes right now.
21	[WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 5:20
22	to 5:35 p.m.]
23	CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Please be seated. Okay.
24	Ms. Powell, we'll take questions from the
25	nonsettling parties.

Mr. Guild, I believe we're going to let you go 1 first. 2 CROSS EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. GUILD: 4 Good evening, Ms. Powell. 5 Good evening. 6 Α Just a couple of questions for you. 7 Sure. 8 So, in your settlement testimony, you identify as one of 9 the key attributes that attracted ORS to enter into this 10 agreement what you characterize as "the guarantee." And 11 12 I'm looking at page five, line two, of your settlement testimony. And you not only call it a guarantee, it 13 14 capitalizes it: G-u-a-r-a-n-t-e-e. You see that 15 testimony? 16 Α Yes, sir. And you say, "An agreement by SCE&G to 17 All right. guarantee (the 'Guarantee') that the scopes of work 18 covered by the option remain fixed," and you cite 19 20 settlement agreement paragraph 12. And I have in front of me settlement agreement paragraph 12. And would you 2.1 point to me where the word "guarantee" appears in 22 settlement agreement paragraph 12, please? 23 The word "guarantee" does not appear in settlement 24 Α 25 agreement paragraph 12.

- Does it appear anywhere else in the settlement
 agreement: "guarantee," with a big G, or a little G, or
 any other spelling thereof?
 - A "Guarantee" does not appear in the settlement agreement.

 However, this is how ORS has defined the effect of settlement agreement paragraph 12.
 - Right. So "guarantee" is not a word of contract that SCE&G/SCANA has entered into, nor is it a term of art used at all in the settlement agreement; it's simply ORS's characterization of cited paragraph 12 of the proposed settlement, correct?
- **A** It's how we have defined it.
- **Q** It's how you've defined it, right. Did you hear
 14 Chairman Marsh's testimony in this proceeding?
- **A** I did.

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- And did you hear Chairman Marsh explain how he characterized the agreement, and I think it's fair to say he agreed that the word "guarantee" was not in the settlement, and they weren't offering a guarantee, as he saw it? You heard that?
- A He did say that the word "guarantee" wasn't in the settlement agreement. But a guarantee is basically an assertion in writing that you will do certain things and agree to certain conditions, and the settlement agreement certainly does contain that. Why Mr. Marsh

won't use the word "guarantee," I don't know.

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         Well, I'm concerned about whether it is a guarantee, no
         matter how you define it, aside from whether the term
         "guarantee" is used. So, did you hear Chairman Marsh
         say that SCE&G reserves the right to continue to accrue
         AFUDC on costs that they did not submit to the PSC for
         approval under the Base Load Review Act, and then to
         include those costs in rate base at the point where the
         Summer units actually came into service? Did you hear
         him say that, or words to that effect?
         Yes.
    Α
         So he's not guaranteeing not to charge ratepayers for
         these extra costs; he's just agreeing to a moratorium on
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         when he actually tells ratepayers they're going to have
         to pay for these costs and then submits them to the PSC
         when the plants go in service, right?
         I would not agree with that characterization.
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 - Okay. Well, he agrees not to ask for Base Load Review Act approval for ratepayer financing of those costs, at least through a period that he calls the moratorium, and that's in there, right? There's a moratorium to -

CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Mr. Guild, I need you to get mic'd up again.

MR. GUILD: Okay. Oh, sorry. [Brief pause]

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BY MR. GUILD:

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- **Q** Do I need to repeat that question?
- No, sir. I heard your question. The moratorium there is a component of the settlement agreement that is a moratorium, and the guarantee covers fixing the costs associated with the option. However, there are costs that do fall outside of the guarantee. These are things specifically related to sales tax, performance bonds, insurance premiums, import duties, mandatory spare parts and extended equipment warranties not otherwise agreed to in the larger settlement, costs associated with the decisions of the Dispute Resolution Board, and costs associated with the issues listed in Exhibit C of the amendment. Also, owner's costs are not included in the quarantee.

The guarantee is only related to the costs that are contained within the option, and if I can read the language to you to maybe make this a little more clear — If you choose, but I have the agreement in front of me, so there's no need to, unless it helps you.

I think it might help me with my response. "The settling parties agree that the payment for the option will not be contested, provided that SCE&G takes certain steps to ensure that ratepayers retain the benefit of the fixed-price. SCE&G, therefore, agrees to fix the

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price to consumers for EPC contract costs according to To this effect, SCE&G the terms of the settlement. agrees that it will not file any future requests with the Commission seeking additional or updated budget increases related to the construction of Unit 2 and 3, unless such requests are related to signed change orders, transmission costs, time-and-materials costs specifically outlined in paragraph two, page one, of the option," relating to sales tax, performance bonds, and those things that I listed earlier. "Owner's cost increases will only be considered if they are related to staffing costs due to delays or new costs not identified at the time of this filing. Owner's cost increases shall not be considered if they involve a transfer of scopes of work from Westinghouse's fixed-price category, unless SCE&G can complete the scope of work pursuant to a contract that fixes the price in an amount equal to or less than the amount of the credit provided by Westinghouse and the credit change order that moves the scope of work," and then it goes on to sort of deal with a few other clarifications about scopes of work.

So there is a portion that is fixing the price for the option, and there's another portion of the settlement agreement that is the moratorium. These things that aren't covered in the guarantee, certainly SCE&G will be accruing AFUDC on those if they need to come in before the moratorium would allow them to do so.

What ORS was very concerned about is that there's a lot of uncertainty, in our minds, regarding the construction schedule and how long it's going to take to complete the project, how many man-hours it's going to take to complete the project. We would be much more comfortable if we had Fluor's input at this point, to help us with that. Absent that, we wanted to do the best that we could to protect ratepayers from another wholesale renegotiation, just because it takes more hours than Westinghouse expected, just because it takes them, you know, more parts than they expected. didn't want the ratepayers to agree to the option and then keep coming back. And so I think that the guarantee, as outlined in paragraph 12 of the settlement agreement, does represent the best job we could do, of doing that, and what we could agree to.

- **Q** Does that complete your answer?
- 20 A Yes, it does.

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- 21 **Q** And that now clarifies what the guarantee is, as ORS characterizes it.
- 23 A Yes, it does.
- Q You did leave out one minor little detail, and that is change of law. They reserve the right to seek

- additional costs associated with what ultimately is
 determined to be a change of law.
- A That is correct. I think that language might be somewhere else, but, yes, changes in law are not included.
- 6 **Q** It's actually paragraph 12; you just stopped reading before you got to that.
- 8 A I'm sorry.
- 9 **Q** All right. And change of law you heard the testimony
 10 of Mr. Byrne; that's been a subject of significant
 11 contention between the contracting parties, Westinghouse
 12 and the consortium, and the company, hasn't it?
- 13 A Yes, it has.

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- And they're still disputing, before the Dispute

 Resolution Board, the issue of scheduled payments for

 meeting certain milestones under the construction

 schedule; that's a matter still pending, correct?
 - A That's not a change in law, but it is a matter that's still pending.
 - Right, I mean, they're fighting already about something that they didn't resolve in the contract amendment, and I'm asking you whether or not you're confident that there will be no further disputes about interpretation of a change of law, as there have been in the past that have led to significant additional costs.

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- A I think that the new language regarding change in law does make such disputes less likely. It's never going to completely eliminate disputes.
- Q Okay. So what's ORS's position, Ms. Powell, if, as Dr. Lynch supposes, the additional costs to complete the project amount to \$800-\$900 million additional costs, for which Westinghouse is committing itself to be responsible, and Westinghouse/Toshiba facing financial crises that extend back several years to the resignation of their CEO and fines by the Japanese accounting authorities, Westinghouse/Toshiba defaults and just walks away from the project? What would happen to what you characterize as the guarantees to protect ratepayers in that event?
- If Toshiba were just to get up and walk out from the project, then, I think there would be some serious litigation regarding the EPC contract where SCE&G would try to make some recoveries from Toshiba. I don't know how much would be left of the project at that point; I don't really have enough information to speculate. But the guarantee fixes the price according to the option, and if there is no option we would all be in very uncharted territory, and we would have to figure out what we were going to do.
- Q Well, you're ORS, and you're the ones looking out for

- us. The question is what has ORS contemplated would happen under those circumstances to protect ratepayers who inherit an abandoned nuclear plant where the prime contractor has walked away from the job? What would you do then?
- A I can't speculate, because there are too many different variables, depending on how far along you are in construction, how much you have left to spend. We'd have to look at the situation when we got there and figure out what we were going to do. The company has taken steps to escrow the documentation so that they would have documents that they needed to complete the project. I couldn't speculate.
- **Q** You heard Mr. Byrne's testimony on the subject?
- 15 A Yes, sir, I did.

- And have you, with ORS, even discussed the matter with
 the SCE&G management about how they would take
 responsibility, should Toshiba/Westinghouse default?
 - We have discussed options about escrowing and how they would move forward after escrowing. I don't think that they have a firm answer for that, either. It would depend on where they were in the project, you know, whether it was just Toshiba or what all the situations were surrounding that situation.
 - **Q** So, aside from how SCE&G would respond and all we know

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is what Mr. Byrne shared with us, that they had at least
contemplated it — how would ORS see to it that
ratepayers were protected in the event that Westinghouse
defaulted or Toshiba defaulted, and somebody else had to
take responsibility for this plant?

- A I think that escrowing the information is critical. I also think that the work that SCE&G is doing right now at the Dispute Resolution Board, in negotiating that milestone payment schedule, is critical. We want to be sure that Westinghouse has only been paid for work that they've done; that we're not just making time-based payments, that we're making work-based payments, so that there will be budgeted money left at the end to help us to finish the project.
- Q All right, but that's good, but my question really is what happens or how would ORS protect ratepayers in the event that SCE&G is left holding the bag?

MR. NELSON: Objection. That's asked and answered. She just answered that question. I think Mr. Guild has just asked the exact same question once again. We've kind of been through a couple of cycles of this. I think it's been answered.

MR. GUILD: I beg your pardon. We can read back the transcript, but she answered a different

question from what I asked. She talked about resolving another dispute before the Dispute Resolution Board. I want to know what ORS contemplates doing to protect ratepayers in the event that the fixed-price option is defaulted upon, and SCE&G or someone else has to take responsibility for the plant. What happens to ratepayers? Has ORS even thought about that?

CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: I think you've asked her that question, Mr. Guild, and I think she's answered it. Now, if you want to ask a different question, or rephrase it maybe different, or ask it a different —

MR. GUILD: I'll try, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: — ask a slightly different question, but that question you've asked and she has given an answer.

MR. GUILD: All right.

BY MR. GUILD:

I understand your testimony, Ms. Powell, that there is something you interpret and characterize as a guarantee in the settlement, and I would respectfully disagree.

But in the event that I have hypothesized — which, frankly, does not seem far-fetched at all, given your own witness's testimony — that Westinghouse/Toshiba

- default, they cannot honor this contract, how much money would South Carolina ratepayers of SCE&G, maybe even co-op customers who buy their power from Santee Cooper, how much financial impact would such an event have on us, on my clients? What does ORS know of that, if anything?
- A It would just depend on where the project was, what SCE&G had to do to fix the situation. It's difficult to speculate on something when is it Toshiba? Is it, you know, other subcontractors? What's going on, without any specific details, it's difficult to say that. I can say that ORS is concerned, as always, with the public, and we would do what we always do, which is evaluate the options, evaluate the costs, and determine, you know, what has been prudently incurred and what hasn't.
- Q Have you made any estimate of what the financial impact would be on ratepayers, in a hypothetical eventuality that the contract is defaulted on?
- 19 A No, because there are too many variables to calculate 20 that?
 - Nonetheless, you treat this as a guarantee and entered into the settlement, challenging not a dime of these cost overruns. That's the ORS position, is that you -
- 24 A That the -

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25 **Q** - entered a settlement - excuse me - you've entered a

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- settlement, you characterize it as good for ratepayers, you've called it a guarantee, and you have no idea what the financial impacts would be if there's a default on this contract.
- The guarantee is under the terms of the EPC contract.

 We've had meetings with Westinghouse where senior

 Westinghouse management assured us that they were

 committed to finishing this project. We've discussed

 the issue with SCE&G; they have assured us that

 Westinghouse has told them they're committed to

 finishing the project, that it's very important to their

 brand. I can't speculate on hypothetical situations

 until we see what they are. And I think that Gary's

 testimony talks about potential costs that Westinghouse

 would have to bear not necessarily that Westinghouse

 would walk away; it's just that Westinghouse should have

 to absorb those costs.
- Q Has the ORS made an assessment of the financial health of Toshiba/Westinghouse and their ability to absorb \$800-\$900 million in excess costs for this project?
- A We've followed what is in the news articles about the health of Toshiba and Westinghouse. We're not privy to their private balance sheets.
- Q Have you asked them to provide you information about their financial bona fides, their ability to absorb that

cost?

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- A As part of the EPC contract agreement, they do have a guarantee that would be available, you know, during any litigation.
 - That's not my question, though, Ms. Powell. My question is, has ORS asked Toshiba/Westinghouse to provide any verification of its financial capacity to absorb \$800-\$900 million of losses the very amount of losses that your own witness says he's concerned about? Have you evaluated their ability to bear those losses?
 - As I mentioned before, we have looked at the publicly available information. We haven't gone beyond the publicly available information in that particular case. We have had discussions with Westinghouse and with SCE&G about their level of commitment to the project and whether they think they can finish the project.
 - **Q** Did they tell you everything is great?
- 18 A They said that they are committed Westinghouse said
 19 they were committed to the project and they were
 20 committed to finishing the project.
 - Q And did they say they were committed to the project three years ago? Everything was great, back then?
- 23 A I Westinghouse is still here, and CB&I isn't.
 - MR. GUILD: Well, that's all the questions I have. Thank you.

MS. WRIGHT: You asked my questions. 1 I don't 2 have any. CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Guild. 3 Ms. Thompson, I'm sorry I skipped over you. 4 Do you have any questions for this witness? 5 MS. THOMPSON: No, thank you, Mr. Chairman. 6 7 CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Ms. Wright? MS. WRIGHT: No, he asked every one I had. 8 CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: 9 Okay. Commissioners? Commissioner Elam. 10 **EXAMINATION** 11 12 BY COMMISSIONER ELAM: It's almost good evening. On page five of your 13 14 settlement-and-direct testimony, please explain how ORS 15 will monitor the scopes of work covered by the fixed-16 price option, so that no future increases will be 17 granted on those items. How are you going to do that monitoring? 18 Sure. So, basically, what the option does is it fixes 19 20 the price for the remaining work under the EPC contract; it has very specific exceptions that were spelled out. 2.1 22 It's not so much a matter of monitoring whether something is in the scope as monitoring whether 23 something is an exception to the scope, or not. I think 24 that that is what we really have to do. 25

We get invoices and our Audit Department reviews those invoices. The invoices are, you know, associated with — from Westinghouse, and we would look and see, you know, is that invoice a milestone payment? Is that invoice related to the sales tax, performance bond, and insurance payments, something that's not inside of the scope of work?

- Are they coded some way, or do you just have to make a judgment about whether something is in the scope or not?

 I'm not familiar with the details of the invoices,
- because Audit really usually works with that. I do know
 that there is coding on the invoices. And in the past,
 we had asked SCE&G to help us to, you know, flag
 invoices related to certain issues or certain items.

 And when they get the new milestone payment schedule
 negotiated, I feel like that's probably how we would
 - Q Is this monitoring any different than what you have done in the past?

probably handle it, going forward, as well.

A No. There have always been scopes of work that were fixed, scopes of work that were time-and-material, scopes of work that were, you know, under other different cost structures. It's actually much simpler than past, because it's all fixed except for a very small amount that's not fixed.

1	Q 0kay	, thank you.
2	A You'	re welcome.
3		CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Thank you, Commissioner
4		Elam.
5		Other Commissioners?
6		[No response]
7		Well, if no further Commissioner questions,
8		Mr. Nelson, any redirect?
9		MR. NELSON: No redirect, Mr. Chairman.
10		I'd ask that Ms. Powell please be excused from
11		the rest of the hearing, if everybody is done with
12		her. She has an appointment tomorrow she has to be at
13		CHAIRMAN WHITFIELD: Yes, we realize she has a
14		schedule conflict tomorrow.
15		And if no one has any further questions, Ms.
16		Powell, you may step down and you are excused for
17		tomorrow.
18		And at this time, we're going to recess the
19		hearing until in the morning, and we will start
20		back at 10:30 in the morning.
21		[WHEREUPON, the witness was excused.]
22		[WHEREUPON, at 6:00 p.m., the hearing in the
23		above-entitled matter was adjourned, to
24		reconvene at 10:30 a.m. on October 13, 2016.]
25	-	

<u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

I, Jo Elizabeth M. Wheat, CVR-CM-GNSC, Notary Public in and for the State of South Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is, to the best of my skill and ability, a true and correct transcript of proceedings had and testimony adduced in a hearing held in the above-captioned matter before the PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA;

That the witnesses appearing during said hearing were affirmed by me to state the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth;

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, on this the <u>21st</u> day of <u>October</u>, 2016.

Elizabeth M. Wheat J CVR-CM/M-GNSC

Hearings Reporter, PSC/SC

My Commission Expires: January 27, 2021.